

USER MANUAL

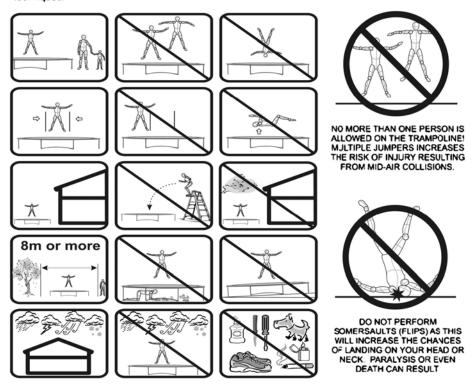


INTRODUCTION

Before you begin to use this trampoline, you must read all the information in this manual. Just like any other type of physical recreational activities, participants can be injured. To reduce the risk of injury be sure to follow the appropriate safety rules and tips.

- Misuse and abuse of this trampoline is dangerous and can cause serious injury!
- Trampolines are rebounding devices which propel the performer to unaccustomed heights through a variety of movements. So always use caution when playing on a trampoline. Always inspect the trampoline before each use.
- Proper assembly, care and maintenance of product, safety tips, warnings, and proper techniques in jumping and bouncing are all included in this manual. All users and supervisors must read and familiarise themselves with these instructions. Anybody who chooses to use this trampoline must be aware of their own limitations in regards to performing various jumps and bounces with this trampoline.

Initially, you should get accustomed to the feel and bounce of the trampoline. The focus must be on your body position and you should practice each fundamental bounce until you can do each skil with ease and control. Always learn the simplest bounce first and be consistent with the control of your bounce before moving on to more difficult and advanced bounces. Do not bounce recklessly on the trampoline, emphasis must be made on good control and the mastering of various bounce techniques.



TRAMPOLINE GUIDELINES

1. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

1.1 PURPOSE

- The product is intended for home/domestic use only and is not suitable for professional or medical uses.
- The maximum weight is 100kg. Overloading the trampoline above the recommended user weight will cause damage to the trampoline which is not covered by the warranty.

1.2 DANGER FOR CHILDREN

- Do not let unsupervised children near this product. Carry out the necessary safety precautions and supervise all trampoline activities. Be aware that the peckaging material is not suitable for children. There is a danger of suffocation!
- Trampolines over 51cm (20 inches) in height are not recommended for children under 6 years of age. Children do not recognize potential dangers from this product. Keep children away from this product, it is not a toy. The product has to be stored out of reach of children and pets.

1.3 ATTENTION - PRODUCT DAMAGES

- Do not alter the product. Only use original spare parts. Repairs should only be carried out by qualified technicians. Improper repairs can compromise the safety of your trampoline. Use this product only as described in this manual.
- Protect the product against humidity and high temperatures.

1.4 ADVICE FOR THE ASSEMBLY

- The assembly of the product must be done carefully by at least two able-bodied adults. If in any doubt, ask a technically qualified person.
- Before you start assembling the trampoline, read all the instructions in this manual.
- Remove all packaging materials and lay down all parts on a free space. This gives you an overview and simplifies the assembly procedure.
- Check with the parts list that no parts are missing. Dispose of the packaging material when the assembly is completed.
- Beware that when using tools or doing technical work, there is always a risk of injury. Therefore assemble the product carefully.
- Create a danger free environment, for example: do not let tools lie around the workspace. Store the packaging material in a way that cannot cause any danger. Foils and plastic bags are dangerous for children (danger of suffocation)!
- After installing the product according to the instruction manual, please make sure that all screws, bolts and nuts are correctly installed and tightened and that all joints are tightly fixed.
- A clearance space of at least 7 3m is necessary above the trampoline. An appropriate clearance must be kept between the trampoline and possible sources of danger, such as electric cables, tree branches, playing devices, swimming pools and fences.
- The trampoline must be set up properly before use.
- Never set up the trampoline in rainy, windy or stormy conditions, especially lightning conditions. It is recommended that the trampoline be taken apart and stored in bad weather.
- The metal frame of the trampoline will conduct electricity. Lightning, extension cords and all electrical equipment must never be allowed to come in contact with the trampoline.
- The trampoline must always be used in a well-lit area.

CONTINUE ... ADVICE FOR THE ASSEMBLY

- DO NOT place any objects under the trampoline.
- The trampoline in the vicinity of other leisure devices and constructions must not be used.
- When assembling or disassembling, please use gloves to protect your hands.

1.5 ADDITIONAL TIPS

- For additional stability you can place sand bags on the trampoline legs, this will prevent the trampoline from tipping over in the event of any sidewards force.
- Do not use during pregnancy.
- Do not use when suffering from high blood pressure.
- Jump with bare feet. Do not wear shoes, this will damage the jumping mat which is not covered by the warranty.
- No Smoking.

- No smoking.

 Do not put cigarettes, pets, sharp objects, or any other foreign objects on the trampolines.

 Do not use the trampoline whilst under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

 Do not sit or lean on cover pads as it needs to be flexible so it can move with the jumping mat.

 Please do not allow small children to pull themselves up the trampoline by using the cover pads. Tears in stitching caused by obstructing frame pads are not covered by warranty.

 Place trampoline on level ground, preferably on grass. Locating the trampoline on hard
- surface will add stress to the frame and overtime cause damage which is not covered by the warranty. Placing the trampoline on an uneven surfaces may result in the trampoline tipping
- Do not expose the trampoline to direct contact with open flames.
- Secure the trampoline against unauthorized use.
- Do not use if trampoline is wet.
- Trampoline should be tied down with anchors during windy conditions or dismantled and stored away.

WARNING

- Please ensure that the Safety Enclosure Net Zipper is 100% closed and all three entrance hooks are re-hooked before jumping.
- 2. Do not intentionally jump into the safety net, it is only designed to stop persons from falling off the trampoline. Intentionally jumping into the safety net may cause the trampoline to tip over, or may damage your net. Abuse of the safety net is consider negligent use which is not covered by the warranty, please refer to the disclaimer.

2. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS FOR TRAMPOLINES

- All users of the trampoline need a supervisor, regardless of the age and the experience of the user.
- The safety instructions of the trampoline should always be considered and obeyed.
- Somersaults must be avoided. Incorrect landings on the trampoline can lead to injuries, particularly to the back, neck or head. Injuries may include paralysis, or even death.
- Only one person should use the trampoline at a time. Multiple users on the trampoline will increase the risk of collision.
- The trampoline has to be examined for damaged, wearing or defective parts before each usage, as it can impair the overall safety of the trampoline. The damaged, wearing or defective parts should be replaced immediately, in the meantime the trampoline must be restricted from access.
- No clothes with hooks or parts may be carried when jumping on the trampoline, in order to avoid hooks getting caught.
- The trampoline must be set up only on a flat ground and non-slippery surfaces.
- Strong winds can blow the trampoline away. If strong winds are predicted, the trampoline must be moved to a protected place, and taken apart, or fastened to the ground with cords and herrings. At least three anchorages are necessary. It is not enough to anchor the pennants in the ground since they can tear out of the patch cords.
- Try to avoid the moving the assembled trampoline, because it could bend during transportation. Should it be necessary to move the trampoline, please consider the following: at least four people must be evenly spaced around the frame to lift the trampoline off the ground, the trampoline must be carried horizontally, and if the frame shifts position use four people to draw the trampoline in shape.
 Trampolines are jumping devices, enabling the user to jump to unusual heights as well as into
- Trampolines are jumping devices, enabling the user to jump to unusual heights as well as into a multiplicity of body movements. Jumping into the trampoline, hitting the frame, cover pads or incorrect landing on the trampoline can lead to injury.
- Users should be familiar with the user manual. This manual contains assembly instructions, selected precautionary measures as well as recommendations for servicing and maintenance of the trampoline, in order to ensure a secured and fun use of the trampoline.
- It is the responsibility of the owner or the supervisor to guarantee that all users of the trampoline are informed sufficiently of all warning references and safety instructions.
- Never use it near water and keep sufficient space around it as a safety precaution.
- Beware of moving parts, which could catch your arms and legs.
- Do not stick any foreign objects in to the trampoline.
- Do not allow anyone or any object to go under the trampoline whilst someone is jumping on the mat. The jumping mat is flexible and the downwards force create by someone jumping can cause serious injury to a person.
- y Implement all safety rules and make yourselves familiar with the information in the
- The trampoline can be only used, if the jumping mat is clean and dry. Worn or damaged jumping mats should immediately be replaced.
- Dijects, which could be dangerous to the user, should be vacated from the area
- Avoid unauthorized and unsupervised use of the trampoline.
- Do not use the trampoline under influence of alcohol or drugs (incl. medicines).
- Learn the fundamental jumping techniques thoroughly, before trying difficult jumps. For more information, see section - Fundamental Bounce Techniques.
- Climb on the trampoline. Do not jump on it directly. Do not use the trampoline as jump board for other articles. For more information, see section - Accident Categories: Mounting and Dismounting.

For further information or exercise documents, you can turn to a trained trampoline teacher.

2.1 ACCIDENT CATEGORIES

Somersaults: A landing on the head or neck, even if it happens in the center of the trampoline, increases the risk of neck and back injuries which can lead to paralysis and sometimes death. This can occur if the user makes an error and falls forward or backward. No somersaults should be attempted on the trampoline!

Multiple Users on the Trampoline: The probability of an injury increases if more than one person jumps on the trampoline and loses control of their jump. Users can collide, fall down from the trampoline and land incorrectly on the jumping mat and on each other. Generally, the smallest or lightest person is at higher risk of getting injured by bigger or heavier individuals.

Mounting and Dismounting: Be very careful when getting on and off the trampoline. DO NOT mount the trampoline by grabbing the cover pads, stepping onto the springs, or by jumping onto the mat of the trampoline from any object (deck, roof, or ladder). DO NOT dismount by jumping off the trampoline and landing on the ground, regardless of the makeup of the ground. If small children are playing on the trampoline, they may need assistance in mounting and dismounting. To mount a trampoline, users should always place their hands on the frame and use this to climb up or down, then stand on the jumping mat avoiding the cover pads as much as possible. To descend, users have to go to the exterior of the jumping mat, bend forwards and put their hands on the frame, then step from the mat to the ground or ladder.

Striking the Frame or Springs: When playing on the trampoline, stay in the center of the mat. This will reduce your risk of getting injured by landing on the frame or springs. Always keep the cover pads completely covering the frame and springs of the trampoline. Try to avoid stepping or jumping onto the cover pads.

Loss of Control: When users lose control of their jump, they can land incorrectly on the jumping mat, land on the frame, the cover pads or even fall off from the trampoline. A controlled jump is one where the jumper lands and jumps from the same spot. Before difficult jump manouevres are practiced, the basic controlled jump should be mastered perfectly. If jumper is fatigued or attempts a manouevre which exceeds their abilities, there is a danger of losing control. In order to regain control of the jump and land correctly, the braking maneuver should be performed where knees should be completely bent upon landing.

Under Influence of Drugs or Alcohol: The probability of an injury arises, if the user is under the influence of alcohol or drugs. These substances impair the response time, judgment, spacial awareness, the overall physical coordination and the motor functions of the concerned user.

Foreign Objects: DO NOT use the trampoline if there are pets, other people, or any objects underneath the trampoline. This will increase the chances of injury occurring. DO NOT hold any foreign objects in your hands and DO NOT place any foreign objects on the trampoline while anyone is playing on it. Please be aware of what is overhead when you are playing on the trampoline. Tree limbs, electrical wires, or other objects located above the trampoline will increase the chance of injury.

Poor Maintenance of the Trampoline: A trampoline in poor condition will increase your risk of injury. Please inspect for form mat or cover pads, bent or missing frame, loose or broken springs, and overall stability of the trampoline. The trampoline should be examined before each use. Worn or damaged parts must be replaced immediately. Defective trampolines must be restrict from use until repaired.

CONTINUE ... ACCIDENT CATEGORIES

Weather Conditions: Please be aware of weather conditions when using the trampoline. A wet jumping mat is too slippery for safe jumping. Gusty or strong winds can lead to a loss of jump control when jumping. In order to lower the probability of an injury, the trampoline should be used under suitable weather conditions only.

Limiting Access: When the trampoline is not in use, always store the access ladder in a secure place so that unsupervised children cannot play on the trampoline.

2.2 METHODS OF ACCIDENT PREVENTION

Role of the User in Preventing Accidents: A basic knowledge of the trampoline by the user is a must for safety. All users of the trampoline must learn first how to accomplish a low controlled jump as well as the fundamental landing positions and combinations, before turning to advanced jumping exercises. Users must know why they must control their jump, before they may practice other movements. A controlled jump is when you land and take off from the same location. See section - Fundamental Bounce Techniques. For further information or exercise materials, please turn to a trained trampoline teacher.

Role of the Supervisor in Preventing Accidents: The supervisor needs to understand and enforce all safety rules and guidelines. It is the responsibility of the supervisor to provide knowledgeable advice and guidance to all jumpers of the trampoline. If supervision is unavailable or inadequate, the trampoline should be stored in a secure place, disassembled to prevent unauthorized use, or covered with heavy tarpaulin that can be locked or secured with lock or chains. The supervisor is also responsible to ensure that the safety placard on the trampoline and that jumpers are informed of these warnings and instructions.

3. IMPORTANT ADVICE FOR USAGE

- All users need to be supervised, regardless of skill level or age.
- Users must practice and perfect all the fundamental bounce techniques. See section - Fundamental Bounce Techniques.
- Emphasis must be place on controlled bounces. A controlled bounce is a jump where your take off point and landing point is the same spot on the mat. Never try to out-bounce another jumper in terms of height, technique and control is crucial.
- Do not bounce on the trampoline for extended periods of time, because fatigue can increase the chances of injury. Bounce for a brief period of time and then allow others to join in on the fun.
- The appropriate clothing must consist of a t-shirt, shorts or sweats, and regulation gymnastics shoes, thick socks, or be barefoot. If you are just beginning, you may want to wear long sleeve shirts and pants to protect against scrapes and abrasions until you master correct landing positions and form. Do not wear hard sole shoes on the trampoline as this will cause excessive wear on the mat material.
- A firm rule must be followed by all users when mounting and dismounting a trampoline. For more information, see section Accident Categories: Mounting and Dismounting.
- Complicated jumping manouevres are not recommended without the supervision of a certified trampoline instructor. All fundamental jumping skills should be learned with normal jumps. Supervisors should emphasis jump techniques instead of the jumping height. Users may not jump alone and unsupervised on the trampoline. See section Fundamental Bounce Techniques.

4. TRAMPOLINE PLACEMENT

The minimum overhead clearance required is 7.3m (24'). In terms of horizontal clearance, please ensure that no hazardous objects are near the trampoline such as tree limbs, electrical power wiring, walls, fences, etc... For safe usage of the trampoline, please be aware of the following when selecting a place for your trampoline:

- Make sure it is placed on a level and non-slip surface.
- Y The area is well lit.
- There are no obstructions beneath the trampoline.
- There are no obstructions above the trampoline, such as tree limbs or electrical wiring.

5. MAINTENANCE

Inspect the product regularly for damages, abrasion, or wearing parts and immediately notify authorized dealers for any replacement parts. If damages occur before the warranty's expiry date, please keep your sale invoice ready.

These trampolines are all galvanized against rust. However overtime, slight rusting may appear between joints and under the padding. You can prevent this rust from developing by applying petroleum jelly to the spring holes and between the joints. Regular maintenance against rust will extend the frame life.

6. CLEANING

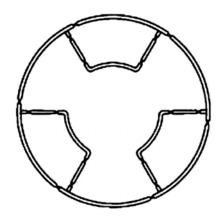
Do not use any abrasive cleansers for cleaning. Use a soft, damp cloth to eliminate dirt and dust.

7. ADVICE FOR THE DISPOSAL

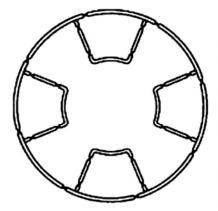
This product is delivered with packaging to protect it from damages during transport. Most of the packaging material is recyclable, so please dispose of these materials accordingly.

TRAMPOLINE PARTS LITS

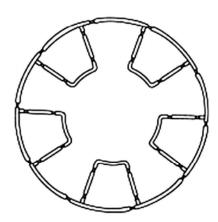
ITEM	MODEL	6'QTY	8'QTY	10 ' QTY	12 ' QTY	13 ' QTY	14 ' QTY	15 ' QTY	16 ' QTY
Α	Top Rail	6	6	8	8	8	12	10	12
В	Jumping Mat Cover Pads	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
С	EPE Foam	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
D	Hooks	36	48	64	72	80	84	90	108
E	Leg Extensions	6	6	6	8	8	10	10	12
F	Leg Base	3	3	3	4	4	5	5	6
G	Screws	6	6	6	8	8	10	10	12
Н	Hooks Fixing Tool	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2



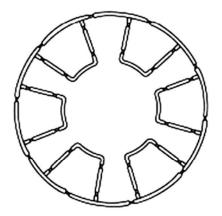
6' & 8' & 10' Trampoline (3 Legs)



12'&13'& Trampolines (4 Legs)

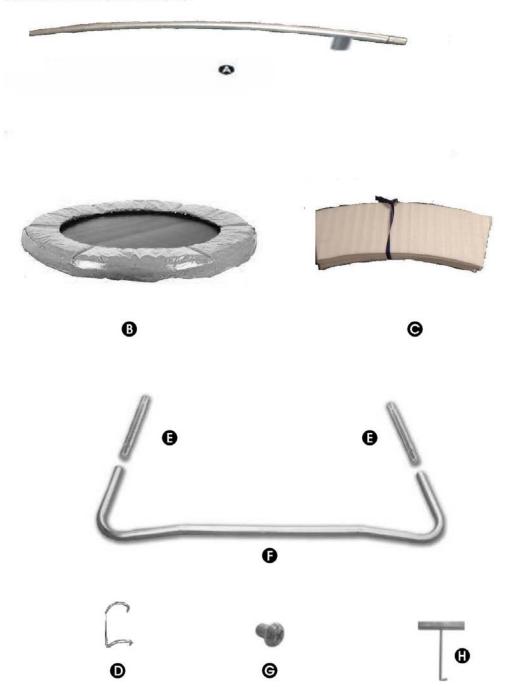


14' & 15'Trampolines (5 Legs)



16'Trampolines (6 Legs)

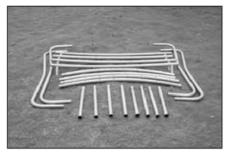
CONTINUE ... TRAMPOLINE PARTS LIST



TRAMPOLINE ASSEMBLY Refer to PARTS LIST for identification of parts.

Two adults in good physical condition are required for the following assembly. For your safety, you should wear proper shoes and clothing. Failure to follow these instructions and warnings may result in injury. WARNING:

NOTE: Pictures may vary slightly with the different trampoline models.



Lay out all the trampoline parts in groups, as shown above.



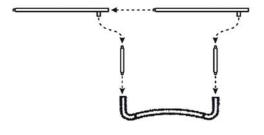
Attach the two leg extensions to a leg base and secure together with the 2. screws. Repeat for all for leg supports.

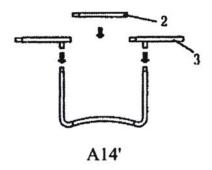


Attach all the top rails to form a large circle. Joining the last link may require two people. The second person should hold the opposite side, while you bring both ends of the circle together.



Attach the all leg supports you assembled in STEP 2 to the top frame.







 Attach the leg support to the top frame and tightly secure together with the screws.



6. At this stage the trampoline should like the picture above.



7. With stitching portion facing down, lay jumping mat inside frame and attach a spring into one of the triangle rings on the mat. Then attach the other end of the spring to the frame.



8. Repeat STEP 7 directly across from where you attached the first spring. Then attach two more springs half distance between the first two springs, directly across from each other. This will ensure equal tension is distributed between the springs.



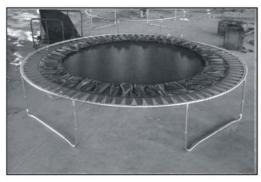
Repeat process for the remaining springs. Use the spring tool, as shown above.

Warning: During spring assembly, please be careful where you place your hands and other parts of your body as connector points and



hooks

10. hooks under heavy tension may require adjacent hooks to be attached at every four or five holes, so the hooks ension is distributed equally.



11. Attach the remaining hooks until all hooks are attached onto the frame.



12. Lay the cover pads on the outer edge so the hooks are covered.



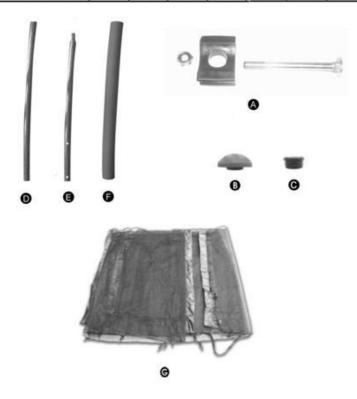
 Lay the cover pads on the outer edge so the hooks are covered.



14. Proceed to **Testing the Trampoline** section of this manual before jumping on the trampoline.

ENCLOSURE PARTS LIST

ITEM	MODEL	6' QTY	8'QTY	10 ' QTY	12 ' QTY	13 ' QTY	14 ' QTY	15 ' QTY	16 ' QTY
Α	Quick Clamp	12	12	16	16	16	16	20	24
В	Pole Cap	6	6	8	8	8	8	10	12
C	Pole Bottom	6	6	8	8	8	8	10	12
D	Upper Pole	6	6	8	8	8	8	10	12
Е	Lower Pole	6	6	8	8	8	8	10	12
F	Foam Tube	12	12	16	16	16	16	20	24
G	Safety Enclosure Net	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



SAFETY ENCLOSURE ASSEMBLYRefer to PARTS LIST for identification of parts.

WARNING: Two adults in good physical condition are required for the following assembly. For

your safety, you should wear proper shoes and clothing. Failure to follow these instructions and warnings may result in injury.

Pictures may vary slightly with the different trampoline models. NOTE:



Slide the foam tube over a pole, as shown above. Repeat for all poles.



Insert the pole cap onto the upper pole, and insert pole bottom onto the lower pole. The insert the lower pole into the upper pole. Repeat for all poles.



Place the safety enclosure mesh on trampoline tidily, as shown above, ready for the next step.



Slide the enclosure poles you assembled in STEP 2 into the safety enclosure mesh pole jacket.



Repeat STEP 4 for all the enclosure poles. Make sure you insert the poles firmly into the jacket.



 You may need another person to hold the enclosure pole in place whilst you clamp the pole to leg supports in the next step.



 Use the quick clamp to secure the enclosure pole to the lower hole of the leg extension and the hole of "U" shape leg.



7. Use the quick clamp to secure the enclosure pole to the uppe hole of the leg extension and the the hole of top rail's welded tube.



Repeat STEP 6 to STEP 8 for the remaining poles.



 Safety enclosure hooks when released should look like the above picture.



11. Zip the entrance close, and fasten all the entrance hooks. Supervisors must re-zip and re-hook all the entrance hooks securely before jumping begins.



12. Proceed to *Testing the Trampoline* section of this manual before jumping on the trampoline.

TESTING THE TRAMPOLINE

After assembling the trampoline, it is important that you perform the following safety checks:

Trampoline Safety Checks:

- Using a screw driver, check if all the screws are tightly secured.

 Look underneath the trampoline and check all the springs are hooked securely to the frame and triangle rings.
- Move the trampoline around and check the sturdiness of the frame.
- Using your two hands, put your body weight on one section of the trampoline and release to
- Inspect the cover pads and check if they completely cover the springs and frame.
- Make sure the strings of the pads are tied securely.

Enclosure Net Safety Checks:

- Hold onto pole net jacket and check that all the enclosure poles are sturdy by shaking it.
- Check the enclosure net and pole jackets for any tearing in the stitching or material.
- Check the enclosure net zipper and entrance hooks functions properly.
- Check to see if all safety enclosure hooks are attached to the triangle ring underneath the trampoline.

Once all the checks are performed and the trampoline has passed all the initial tests (above), have one person test the trampoline by jumping on the center continuously for 5 minutes. If the trampoline feels sturdy then your trampoline passes the test. Congratulations, you have completed the trampoline assembly! Remember to abide by all the safety rules. Have fun, play safe...

PLEASE NOTE:

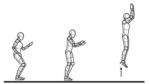
AS ALREADY MANTIONED IN THE INSTRUCTION MANUAL CERTAIN WEARAND TEAR PARTS HAVE TO BE REPURCHASED FROM

FUNDAMENTAL BOUNCES TECHNIQUES

All trampolines users are recommended to understand and perfect these fundamental bounces.

THE BASIC BOUNCE

- > Start from a standing position, feet shoulder width apart with head
- Swing your arms forward and up and around in a circular motion.
 Bring feet together while in mid-air and point toes downward.
- Keep feet shoulder width apart when landing on mat.



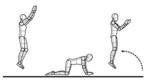
THE BRAKING MANOUEVRE

- → Occasionally the user may lose control of their jump and bounce wildly. Performing the braking manouevre will allow the user to regain control of the jump and their balance.
- Start with a basic bounce.
- » As you land, bend your knees sharply and this will allow you to stop your jump.



THE HANDS AND KNEES BOUNCE

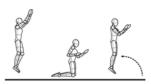
- Start with a low controlled basic bounce.
- Lard on your hands and knees keeping your back straight. Emphasis should be directed at a good four-point landing, and not on jumping height.



KNEE BOUNCE

- ч Start with a low controlled basic bounce.
- Lard on your knees keeping back straight, body erect and use your arms to maintain balance.

 Bounce back to the basic bounce position by swing your arms up.



SEAT BOUNCE

- ∠ Land in a flat sitting position.
 ∠ Place hands on mat beside your hips.
- Return to erect position by pushing with your hands.



LESSON PLAN

The following lessons are suggested in order to learn the basic steps and bounces before moving onto more difficult, complicated bounces. Before actually getting on and using the trampoline, you should read and understand all the safety instructions. A complete discussion and demonstration of body mechanics and trampoline guidelines should occur between the supervisor and student as well.

LESSON 1

- Mounting and Dismounting Demonstration of proper techniques.
- The Basic Bounce Demonstration and Practice.
 The Braking Manouevre Demonstration and Practice.
- Hands and Knees Bounce Demonstration and Practice.

- > Review and practice skills and techniques learned in previous lesson.
- > Knee Bounce Demonstration and Practice.
- Seat Bounce Demonstration and Practice.
- > Practice Routine Start with a seat bounce, and add a knee bounce.

» Review and practice skills and techniques learned in previous lesson.

After completing these lessons, the student now has a basic foundation of trampoline bounces. Jumpers should be encouraged to try and develop their own routines with the emphasis on control and form. A game that can be played in order to encourage students to try and develop routines is "BOUNCE". In this game, player one starts with a manouevre, then player two has to perform player one's manouevre and add on another. Players keep alternating, and adding on one more manouevre for each of their turns. The last remaining contestant is deemed the winner! Even when playing this game, it is important to perform your routines under control and not to try difficult or highly skilled bounces that you have not yet mastered. Should you wish to develop your trampoline skills further, a certified trampoline instructor should be contacted.

STRETCHING AND FLEXIBILITY

Jumping on a trampoline everyday can be a good healthy workout. You should do your stretches before you start your workout. Stretches can relax and remove the kinks in your muscles. Stretching can also prevent any serious damage to your muscles during your exercise. It is important that stretching should be incorporated into your exercise program. Remember, stretching should not be performed before your muscles has had a chance to warm up.

The following stretches are examples of the most common stretches you should do before you start your exercises. Preform these stretches smoothly and slowly until you feel a slight "tugging" sensation on your muscles. As you become more flexible you may want to increase the intensity of your stretches. Don't stretch to the point you feel pain and don't bounce your stretches or you could pull a muscle. Hold each stretch for 10 to 20 seconds. Exhale through the stretch, and breath slowly. This will keep you from bouncing.

CALF (BACK OF LOWER LEG)

- Start with one leg stretched approximately 90cm from the wall with a slightly bent knee and the have the other leg approximately 30cm forward. Lean towards the wall whilst keeping your heels down and feet turned in slightly. (LOWER INTENSITY)
- Or, start with one leg stretched approximately 90cm from the wall whilst keeping the knee straight and have the other leg approximately 60cm forward. Lean towards the wall whilst keeping your heels down and feet turned in slightly. (HIGHER INTENSITY)
- Repeat with other leg.





ILIOTIBIAL BAND (OUTSIDE OF HIP)

- Start with the leg to be stretched one step back and behind the other foot. Move your hips sideways towards the wall. Keep your upper body away from the wall and do not bend your body forward.
- Repeat with other leg.



LOWER BACK, HIPS, GROIN, AND HAMSTRING

Stand with your feet approximately shoulder width apart. Slowly bend forward from the hips. Always keep your knees slightly bent.



SIDE BENDS

- Stand with your feet approximately shoulder width apart. Always keep your knees slightly bent. Place your left hand on your hip, and extend the right arm up and over your head. Slowly bend your waist to the left. (LOWER INTENSITY)
- Or, extend both arms overhead, have your left hand hold your right arm. Slowly bend your waist to the left. (HIGHER INTENSITY)
- Repeat with other side.





QUADRICEPS (FRONT OF THIGH)

- Lying on your stomach, pull the heel towards your buttocks with the opposite hand. Keep the stretched thigh a comfortable distance away from the other leg.
- Or, the same stretch can be done standing. Do not allow the thigh to come in front of your body, and do not bend your body forward.
- Repeat with other leg.





GROIN (INSIDE THIGH)

- Sit on the floor with the soles of your feet together. Gently push knees down toward the floor with your elbow.
- Stand with your feet approximate 90cm 120cm apart and turn out slightly. Keep one knee straight and bend the other knee as you lean your body towards the bent leg. Repeat with other side.





HAMSTRING (BACK SIDE OF UPPER LEG)

- Sit with one knee bent and the other leg stretched out straight. Reach for the toes of the straight leg with both hands.
- » Repeat with other leg.



- GLUTEUS (BACK OF HIP)

 Lie on your back. Pull one knee up to your chest while keeping the opposite leg down on the floor with the straight knee. The same stretch can be perform standing.

 Repeat using other leg.





ANTERIOR TIBIALIS (FRONT OF SHINE)

- Stand with all of your weight on one leg. Extend the other leg forward, then flex and point at the ankle.

 Repeat with other leg.





Tramporines





WARRANTY REGISTRATION

Please visit the following link to complete the product warranty form online. Please visit

http://warrantyform.lifespanfitness.com.au

PLEASE NOTE: YOUR WARRANTY IS ONLY VALID IF YOU CAN PROVE YOU ARE THE ORIGINAL PURCHASER ON THIS ITEM (i.e. A copy of the receipt, invoice, delivery date or internet confirmation).